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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/079,864 05/15/1998		JASON P. RHODE	2836-P190US	8805
7:	590 03/18/2003	/		·
James J Murphy Esq Winstead Sechrest & Minick PC PO Box 50784		EXAMINER		
			GRIER, LAURA A	
1201 Elm Street Dallas, TX 75270			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2644	
			DATE MAILED: 03/18/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/079,864	RHODE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Laura A Grier	2644				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-7,10-22 and 25-30</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 8,9,23 and 24 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accep	oted or b) objected to by the Exa	miner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	/ (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

# **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The indicated allowability of claim 22 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Tofte. Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 10, 17 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tofte, U.S. Patent No. 4747142.

Regarding **claims 1, 10 and 17** Tofte discloses a three-track stereophonic system. Tofte's disclosure comprises a conventional stereo sound source such a FM stereo tuner or a tape deck producing a left and right channel signal inputs (figure 1 and col. 1, lines 57-68 and col. 2, lines 1-15), the signal are filtered (step1), accordingly, compressed (step 2) and respective filtered left and right channels are combined (step 3), expanded (step 4) and step 5, combined via amplifiers, which constitutes as a driving circuit to generate a left channel output, a right ouput and center output (common mode output), respectively, wherein the center output includes combined left and right signals, the left output includes combined left, right and center signals, and the

right output includes combined right, left and center signals, which indicates each output being dependent upon each other for reducing clipping effects, which is supported by the fact that the signals are compressed and expand (col. 2, lines 10-68 and col. 3, lines 37).

4. Regarding **claim 25**, it has been interpreted and thus rejected for the same reasons set forth above in the rejection of **claim 10**. Since **claim 25** discloses a method which corresponds to the apparatus of **claim 10**, the method is obvious in that it simply provides functionality for the logical implementation found in **claim 10**.

Regarding **claims 2, 11 and 18**, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1 and 10, respectively). Tofte further discloses the center output (common mode output) providing a feedback to the left and right channels (figure 1).

Regarding **claims 12 and 19**, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1 and 10, respectively). Tofte further discloses a 1<sup>st</sup> amplifier for driving a left output signal, and 2<sup>nd</sup> amplifier for driving a right output signal and 3<sup>rd</sup> amplifier for driving a center output (common mode output) - (figure 1).

Regarding **claim 13**, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). Tofte further discloses the 3<sup>rd</sup> amplifier (center output amplifier) providing an input to the 1<sup>st</sup> amplifier and 2<sup>nd</sup> amplifier (figure 1).

Regarding **claim 14**, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 10). Tofte further discloses the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> signals as outputs from a conventional

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stereo tuner or tape deck, which provides support the signals are analog, and further the amplifiers' outputs are single-ended (figure 1).

Regarding claims 15 and 20, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claims 10 and 17, respectively). Tofte further discloses the 1st and 2nd signals as outputs from a conventional stereo tuner or tape deck, which provides support the signals are analog, wherein the 1st and 2nd signals are left and right channels and provide left and right channel outputs.

Regarding claim 26, it has been interpreted and thus rejected for the same reasons set forth above in the rejection of claim 11. Since claim 26 discloses a method which corresponds to the apparatus of claim 11, the method is obvious in that it simply provides functionality for the logical implementation found in claim 11.

Regarding claim 27, Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 25). Tofte further discloses the 1st and 2nd signals as left and right audio input signals.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 3-7, 16, 21-22, and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tofte in view of the applicant's admitted prior art.

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Regarding claims 3 and 4 Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 2). However, Tofte fails to specifically disclose the audio system comprising three-wire stereo headphones coupled to the circuitry and being a portable audio system. The examiner maintains that such headphones and audio system were well known in the art. The applicant's admitted prior art discloses a small portable stereo system coupled with a three-wire headphone set. It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Tofte by implementing the stereo system in small size that can be transported with ease and headphones accompanied therein for personal or individual listening convenience and a lack of disturbances to others people around the listener.

Regarding claims 5 and 21 Tofte discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 2). However, Tofte fails to specifically disclose the audio signal as a digital signal. The examiner maintains that digital signals were well known in the art. The applicant's admitted prior art provides support the left and right channel input signals being a digital signals by providing an DAC. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Tofte by implementing the use of digital, wherein the use of digital signal and/or digital technology is commonly used the art of audio signal processing for optimal sound quality as desired.

Regarding **claim 6**, Tofte and the applicant's admitted prior art (Tofte et al.) discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 5). Tofte further discloses a 1<sup>st</sup> amplifier for driving a left output signal, and 2<sup>nd</sup> amplifier for driving a right output signal and 3<sup>rd</sup> amplifier for driving a center output (common mode output) - (figure 1).

Regarding claims 16 and 30 Tofte et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 15 and 27, respectivley). However, Tofte fails to specifically disclose the audio system comprising three-wire stereo headphones coupled to the circuitry. The examiner maintains that such headphones were well known in the art. The applicant's admitted prior art discloses a small portable stereo system coupled with a three-wire headphone set. It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Tofte et al. by implementing the stereo system with headphones accompanied therein for personal or individual listening convenience and a lack of disturbances to others people around the listener.

Regarding claims 7 and 22, Tofte et al.discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1 and 21). However, Tofte fails to specifically disclose the audio system comprising DAC (digitial-to-analog converters) coupled to the amplifiers. The examiner maintains that DACs were well known in the art. The applicant's admitted prior art discloses a DAC, wherein it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to modify the invention Tofte et al. by

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implementing a DAC comprising a 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> DAC for the purpose converting the digital signal to an analog prior to input.

Regarding claims 27 and 28, Tofte et al. discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 27). However, Tofte fails to specifically disclose the audio system comprising DAC (digital-to-analog converters) coupled to the amplifiers. The examiner maintains that DACs were well known in the art. The applicant's admitted prior art discloses a DAC, wherein it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made to modify the invention Tofte et al. by implementing a DAC comprising a 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> DAC for the purpose converting the digital signal to an analog prior to input. Further, processing an audio to provide both DACs and ADCs (analog-to-digital converters) application is commonly known in the art. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the invention was made to modify the invention of Tofte et al. by providing an ADCs after input or processing for the purpose of regenerating the signal to its original form, analog for adequate audio output.

### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-30 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The applicant essential argues that the primary reference of prior art Hsu fails to disclose the claimed invention, in that it failed to support audio inputs applied to the amplifier for clipping reduction. And in respect to the reference of Tran, the applicant

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argues that Tran fails to disclose three outputs from one pair of inputs, thus not supporting the claimed invention. The examiner accepts the applicant's argument and has applied new art.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Laura A Grier whose telephone number is (703) 306-4819. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Forester W. Isen can be reached on (703) 305-4386.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

Or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

PRIMARY EXAMINER